

## Rules on letting this property

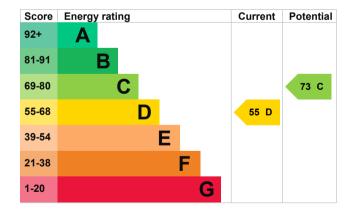
Properties can be let if they have an energy rating from A to E.

You can read <u>guidance</u> for <u>landlords</u> on the <u>regulations</u> and <u>exemptions</u> (<a href="https://www.gov.uk/guidance/domestic-private-rented-property-minimum-energy-efficiency-standard-landlord-quidance">https://www.gov.uk/guidance/domestic-private-rented-property-minimum-energy-efficiency-standard-landlord-quidance</a>).

# **Energy rating and score**

This property's current energy rating is D. It has the potential to be C.

See how to improve this property's energy efficiency.



The graph shows this property's current and potential energy rating.

Properties get a rating from A (best) to G (worst) and a score. The better the rating and score, the lower your energy bills are likely to be.

For properties in England and Wales:

the average energy rating is D the average energy score is 60

# Breakdown of property's energy performance

## Features in this property

Features get a rating from very good to very poor, based on how energy efficient they are. Ratings are not based on how well features work or their condition.

Assumed ratings are based on the property's age and type. They are used for features the assessor could not inspect.

Feature	Description	Rating
Wall	Sandstone or limestone, as built, no insulation (assumed)	Very poor
Wall	Cavity wall, as built, insulated (assumed)	Good
Wall	Timber frame, as built, insulated (assumed)	Very good
Roof	Pitched, 150 mm loft insulation	Good
Roof	Pitched, insulated (assumed)	Good
Window	Fully double glazed	Average
Main heating	Boiler and radiators, oil	Average
Main heating control	Programmer, TRVs and bypass	Average
Hot water	From main system	Average
Lighting	Low energy lighting in 82% of fixed outlets	Very good
Floor	Solid, no insulation (assumed)	N/A
Floor	Solid, limited insulation (assumed)	N/A
Floor	Solid, insulated (assumed)	N/A
Secondary heating	Room heaters, wood logs	N/A

### Low and zero carbon energy sources

Low and zero carbon energy sources release very little or no CO2. Installing these sources may help reduce energy bills as well as cutting carbon emissions. The following low or zero carbon energy sources are installed in this property:

· Biomass secondary heating

#### Primary energy use

The primary energy use for this property per year is 181 kilowatt hours per square metre (kWh/m2).

#### **Additional information**

Additional information about this property:

· Stone walls present, not insulated

# How this affects your energy bills

An average household would need to spend £2,792 per year on heating, hot water and lighting in this property. These costs usually make up the majority of your energy bills.

You could **save £751 per year** if you complete the suggested steps for improving this property's energy rating.

This is **based on average costs in 2023** when this EPC was created. People living at the property may use different amounts of energy for heating, hot water and lighting.

## Heating this property

Estimated energy needed in this property is:

- 19,245 kWh per year for heating
- 3,007 kWh per year for hot water

### Saving energy by installing insulation

Energy you could save:

- 331 kWh per year from loft insulation
- · 3,985 kWh per year from solid wall insulation

Impact on the environment	This property produces	7.6 tonnes of CO2
This property's current environmental impact rating is E. It has the potential to be C.	This property's potential production	4.4 tonnes of CO2
Properties get a rating from A (best) to G (worst) on how much carbon dioxide (CO2) they produce each year. CO2 harms the environment.	You could improve this property's CO2	

#### Carbon emissions

An average household	6 tonnes of CO2
produces	

emissions by making the suggested changes. This will help to protect the environment.

These ratings are based on assumptions about average occupancy and energy use. People living at the property may use different amounts of energy.

# Changes you could make

Step	Typical installation cost	Typical yearly saving
1. Internal or external wall insulation	£4,000 - £14,000	£435
2. Floor insulation (solid floor)	£4,000 - £6,000	£85

Step	Typical installation cost	Typical yearly saving
3. Heating controls (room thermostat)	£350 - £450	£117
4. Solar water heating	£4,000 - £6,000	£114
5. Solar photovoltaic panels	£3,500 - £5,500	£690

## Help paying for energy improvements

You might be able to get a grant from the <u>Boiler Upgrade Scheme (https://www.gov.uk/apply-boiler-upgrade-scheme)</u>. This will help you buy a more efficient, low carbon heating system for this property.

### More ways to save energy

Find ways to save energy in your home by visiting www.gov.uk/improve-energy-efficiency.

#### Who to contact about this certificate

## Contacting the assessor

If you're unhappy about your property's energy assessment or certificate, you can complain to the assessor who created it.

Assessor's name Maisie Clare Telephone 02039056099

Email <u>maisieclare@fourwalls-group.com</u>

#### Contacting the accreditation scheme

If you're still unhappy after contacting the assessor, you should contact the assessor's accreditation scheme.

Accreditation scheme Stroma Certification Ltd

Assessor's ID STRO036069
Telephone 0330 124 9660

Email <u>certification@stroma.com</u>

#### About this assessment

Assessor's declaration

Date of assessment

Date of certificate

Type of assessment

No related party
20 June 2023
25 June 2023

RdSAP